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- (2) An appointment of a former employee of the Federal Government following a break in Federal Government service of at least 90 days; or
- (3) An appointment of an individual in the Federal Government when his or her service in the Federal Government during the 90-day period immediately preceding the appointment was limited to one or more of the following:
- (i) A time-limited appointment in the competitive or excepted service;
- (ii) A non-permanent appointment (excluding a Schedule C appointment under 5 CFR part 213) in the competitive or excepted service:
- (iii) Employment with the government of the District of Columbia (DC) when the candidate was first appointed by the DC government on or after October 1, 1987;
- (iv) An appointment as an expert or consultant under 5 U.S.C. 3109 and 5 CFR part 304;
- (v) Employment under a provisional appointment designated under 5 CFR 316.403; or
- (vi) Employment under the Student Career Experience Program under 5 CFR 213.3202(b).
- *OPM* means the Office of Personnel Management.

Rate of basic pay means the rate of pay fixed by law or administrative action for the position to which an employee is or will be appointed before deductions and including any special rate under 5 CFR part 530, subpart C, or similar payment under other legal authority, and any locality-based comparability payment under 5 CFR part 531, subpart F, or similar payment under other legal authority, but excluding additional pay of any other kind. For example, a rate of basic pay does not include additional pay such as night shift differentials under 5 U.S.C. 5343(f) or environmental differentials under 5 U.S.C. 5343(c)(4).

Service agreement means a written agreement between an agency and an employee under which the employee agrees to a specified period of employment of not less than 6 months or more than 4 years with the agency in return for payment of a recruitment incentive.

[70 FR 25740, May 13, 2005, as amended at 72 FR 67837, Dec. 3, 2007]

§ 575.103 Eligible categories of employees.

- (a) Except as provided in §575.104, an Executive agency may pay a recruitment incentive to an employee appointed or placed in the following categories of positions:
- (1) A General Schedule position paid under 5 U.S.C. 5332 or 5305 (or similar special rate authority);
- (2) A senior-level or scientific or professional position paid under 5 U.S.C. 5376:
- (3) A Senior Executive Service position paid under 5 U.S.C. 5383 or a Federal Bureau of Investigation and Drug Enforcement Administration Senior Executive Service position paid under 5 U.S.C. 3151;
- (4) A position as a law enforcement officer, as defined in 5 CFR 550.103;
- (5) A position under the Executive Schedule paid under 5 U.S.C. 5311–5317 or a position the rate of pay for which is fixed by law at a rate equal to a rate for the Executive Schedule:
- (6) A prevailing rate position, as defined in 5 U.S.C. 5342(a)(3); or
- (7) Any other position in a category for which payment of recruitment incentives has been approved by OPM at the request of the head of an executive agency.
- (b) Except as provided in §575.104, a legislative agency may pay a recruitment incentive to an employee appointed or placed in a General Schedule position paid under 5 U.S.C. 5332 or 5305 (or similar special rate authority).

[70 FR 25740, May 13, 2005, as amended at 72 FR 67837, Dec. 3, 2007]

§ 575.104 Ineligible categories of employees.

An agency may not pay a recruitment incentive to an employee in—

- (a) A position to which an individual is appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate:
- (b) A position in the Senior Executive Service as a noncareer appointee (as defined in 5 U.S.C. 3132(a)(7));
- (c) A position excepted from the competitive service by reason of its confidential, policy-determining, policy-making, or policy-advocating character; or